### Implementing the Cape Town Global Action Plan for Sustainable Development Data amid a global pandemic: Insights from a global survey of NSOs

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UN World Data Forum webinar 2 December 2021







#### The context, motivation behind the survey

- COVID-19 disrupted \_\_\_\_\_\_
- Long-term goals vs short-term responses...
- ...but also acceleration of a revolution in the making
- The CTGAP survey takes stock of current status of capacity demands and resource needs, against a backdrop changed by the pandemic, to get the conversation going again







#### **Background: The CTGAP Implementation Survey**

- Objective: A global study of the demand for capacity development and financial resources based on the six strategic areas defined by the CTGAP
- **Conveners:** Paris21, United Nations Statistics Division, World Bank's Development Data Group
- Features: Web-survey; Aug.-Sep. 2021; 101 responses received
- Context: Follows 4 rounds (May 2020 >> June 2021); ~120 respondents per round – of a <u>Global COVID-19 Survey of NSOs</u>
- Structure: Pillar 1 Capacity building around CTGAP areas; Pillar 2: Financing needs - IDA countries only
- **Dissemination:** Preliminary results, report coming out in December





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### Pillar 1: Capacity Development







Does your organization currently face a shortage in the following resources to respond to demand for statistical outputs?

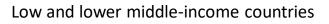
#### **Resource bottlenecks**

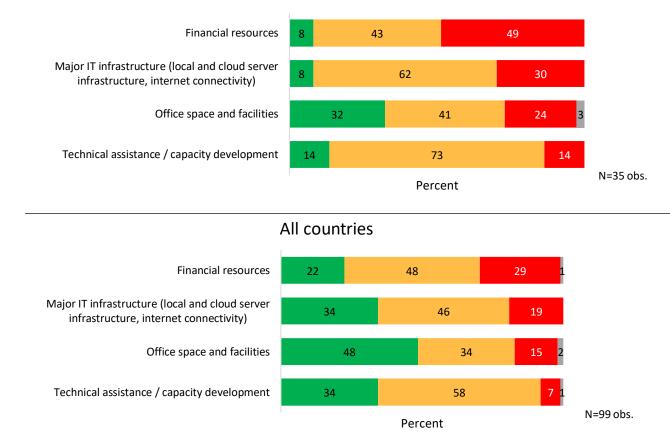
The majority of NSOs indicated that they are currently facing **shortages in financial resources and IT infrastructure.** 

This was especially the case in low and lower middle-income countries:

- Nine in every 10 NSOs in this group reported shortages in financial resources and IT infrastructure
- 49% of NSOs in this group reported severe shortage in financial resources
- 30 % reported severe shortage in major IT infrastructure.

There is also unmet demand for technical assistance and capacity development





■ No shortage ■ Moderate ■ Severe ■ Don't know

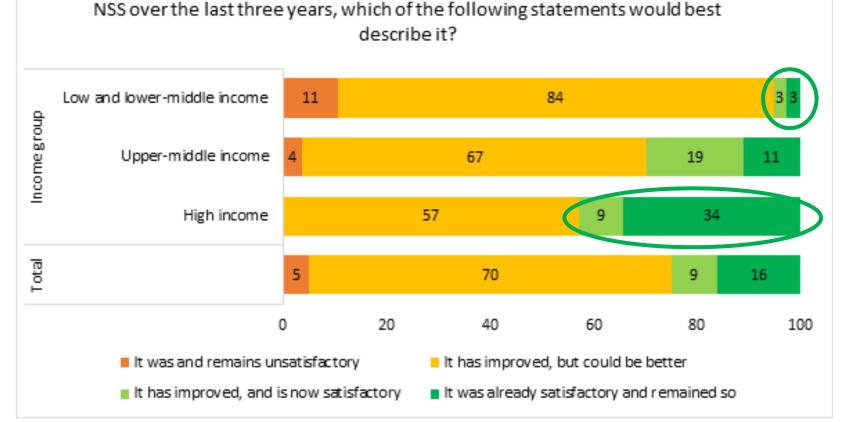
Source: Preliminary results from the Cape Town Global Action Plan Implementation Review. Global survey of National Statistical Offices. Implemented by Paris 21, UNSD and the World Bank, 2021.



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## Coordination, leadership and modernization of the NSS: A glass half full... or empty?



Thinking about the coordination capacity of the NSO with partners inside the

- Most respondents (70%) have seen improvements
- Only 6% of the NSOs in low and lower-middle income countries consider coordination capacity of the NSO satisfactory (vs 43% in high income)







Information and Communication Technology (ICT) readiness during the COVID-19 pandemic.

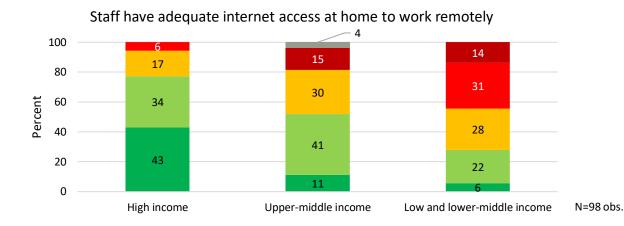
## ICT readiness and the digital divide

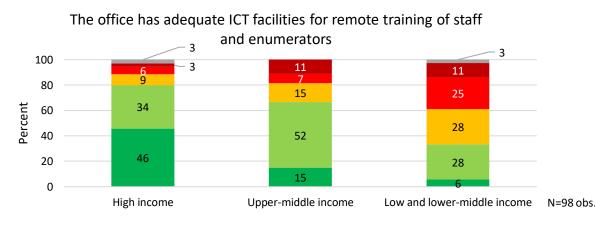
~45% of NSOs signaled that had issues with:

- staff internet access at home
- cloud computing
- secure remote data access

#### But marked differences in ICT-readiness of NSOs across income levels.

Issues around adequate internet access at home and adequate ICT facilities for remote training of staff and enumerators are more pronounced in low and lower-middle income countries, where more than one third of NSOs reported inadequate access





■ Strongly agree ■ Agree ■ Neutral ■ Disagree ■ Stro

Strongly disagree Don't know

Source: Preliminary results from the Cape Town Global Action Plan Implementation Review. Global survey of National Statistical Offices. Implemented by Paris21, UNSD and the World Bank, 2021.

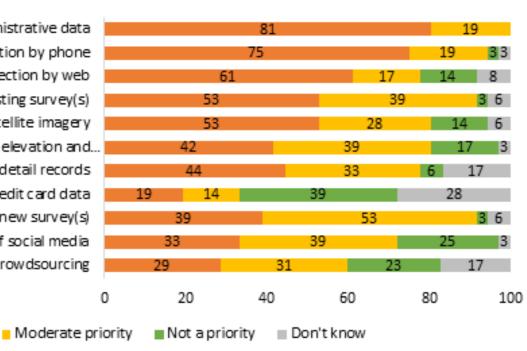


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#### Strengthening of basic statistical activities and programs: NSO priority areas to expand capacity to meet new data demands

In the next 3 years, does your NSO want to expand capacity in the following areas to respond to the new data demands of the 2030 Agenda for sustainable development/SustainableDevelopment Goals and more recently the Covid-19 pandemic?



Use of administrative data Adaptation of new/existing survey to collection by phone Adaptation of new/existing survey to collection by web Adding questions to existing survey(s) Use of earth observation data / satellite imagery Use of other geospatial information (e.g., elevation and... Use of other geospatial information (e.g., elevation and... Use of mobile phone data/ call detail records Use of scanner/ credit card data Introduction of new survey(s) Use of social media Use of citizen generated data / crowdsourcing

High priority

• Chart is for LLMICs

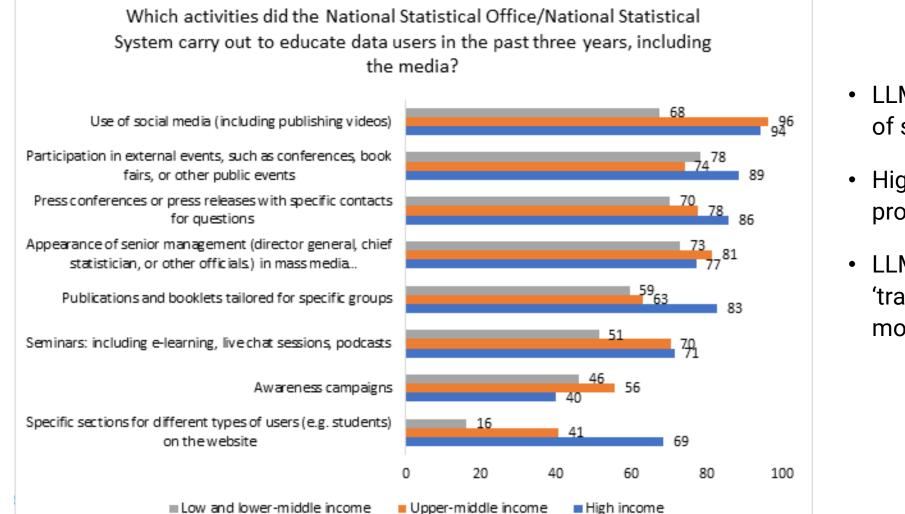
- Admin data tops the list, followed by surveys and EO/geospatial
- Similar priorities for funding needs and requirements (admin and geospatial data top of the list)
- Scanner, social media, crowdsourcing more of a priority in high income





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#### Differences in approaches to strengthening partnerships (CTGAP Strategic Area 5) – Educating users



- LLMICs don't fully exploit potential of social media
- High income focus more on tailored products for specific audiences
- LLMICS relatively more on 'traditional' approaches: scope for modernization

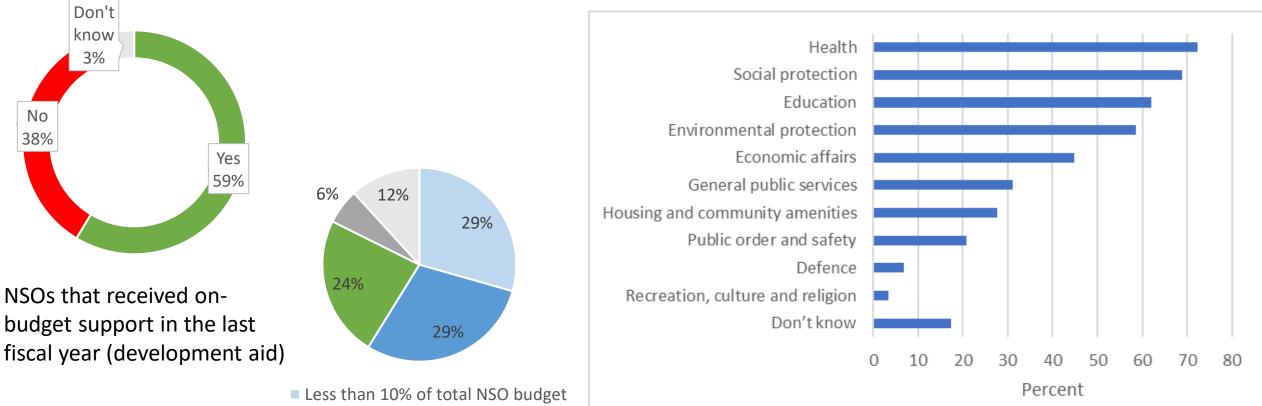
### Pillar 2: Financing Needs in IDA countries







## Funding: Reliance of donor support and funding priorities in IDA eligible countries



- Between 10-25% of total NSO budget
- More than 25% of total NSO budget
- Don't know





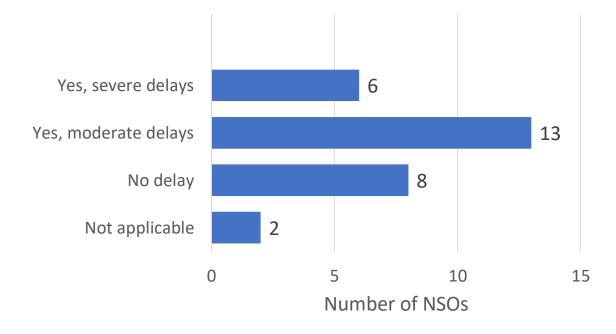


## Financing opportunities in IDA countries – Shedding light on what is needed in recipient countries

Severity of delays in budget disbursements affecting ability to implement NSO workplans in IDA countries

#### Delays in NSOs funding

- The majority of respondents (all IDA countries) experience either moderate or severe delays in budget disbursement in 2021.
- Those delays affected their work plan implementation.



N=29, all respondents are IDA countries

Source: Preliminary results from the Cape Town Global Action Plan Implementation Review. Global survey of National Statistical Offices. Implemented by Paris21, UNSD and the World Bank, 2021.







- The survey provides some pointers for shared priorities for capacity building and financing
- Not a substitute for in-depth assessments and dialogue...
- ...but it can be an instrument to support coordinated international actions going forward: discussion needed on 'how?

# A lot more to come in the report, stay tuned...









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